

MELO-DRAMATIC BLOOD AND THUNDER! OUR COMIC-OPERA RULERS FROM THE MAYOR OF CUMBERLAND COUNSEL AND WARNING

The Funny Side of the McBride Bowser Troupe of Barn-Storming Politicians

As he sits on the 'Examiner' with a grin on his face... waterman's ideal in lamentations that the Billsons should have decreed to British Columbia the person of Sir Richard the Beaucautous...

As make the angels weep. True enough of mankind in general. But a man could with justice apply No one could honestly assert that this slightest degree of an angel...

In days to come, when men shall boast of what they have seen and heard; when one shall say: 'The awful Tragedy of Frisco unfolded itself before my eyes...'...

While we know that the abnormal distance between his powerful stomach and that spot in the human anatomy where a special policeman's spine ought to be was not developed...

Thunder-roll of Bottom the Bowser! and have approximately the same resemblance to it as have the feeble rays of the southern-most end of a lightning-bolt in the glorious splendor of a tropical noon-day sun.

After all, it is not better, in whatever latitude and under whose government, to be 'cauld' or 'kilt' than 'kilt' or 'cauld'?

Never was there such a sample of exalted patriotism, of complete self-abnegation, of unwavering honesty of purpose—except perhaps, the historic occasion when an obscure and unknown Mick threw the overalls into Mrs. Murphy's chowder.

It is the worker who inspires the scholar. Action has outpiped Theory. The actions of men are the best interpreters of their thoughts.

Think of that other histrionic utterance of his—how he decried to be based on the shores of Burrard Inlet, among the rank and file of the contented and other spineless creatures who loved (during elections, and in soup)...

There are only three ways of acquiring wealth: first, to create it with your own labor; second, to have it given to you; and third, to steal it.

During the past few weeks there have been so many conflicting reports regarding industrial conditions in this city...

The fact should be continually borne in mind that at no time since the beginning of this strike have the Police Commissioners or any other Government officials...

This peaceful state of affairs continued to the 19th of July, which date happened to be the Company's payday. Instead of an occurrence which took place in the evening...

A week or so previous to the above mentioned date rumors became prevalent that a number of strike-breakers would raid the town.

Now as a sequence to this, it would be expected that the ringleaders who started this disturbance would have been the first to be arrested.

From that September day almost one month ago when the strike commenced, to July 19th the workers have shown that there was not one case of serious disturbance or one dollar's worth of property destroyed.

So long as the miners will elect men to their Executive Board of the same principle, judgment and calibre as those on the present Board...

People should be slow to accept all the propaganda regarding this strike, particularly those articles which are front pages of newspapers.

Misapprehensions and Lack of Knowledge Can Only Be Removed by the Study of Socialism.

'We are all Socialists, we all vote the Socialist ticket, though we are not members of the organization. We agree with all you say about Socialism, but—we must keep it out of our unions.'

While visiting the various districts affected by the strike, I was told repeatedly by men who declared themselves Socialists that the strikers were here to protect the strikers...

Another way of capitalism that is very successful in deluding Socialists who would keep Socialism out of their unions is, however, that the workers are ignorant of the price of commodities...

met a better set of men. All good union men. All fighters from the word go. As Roosevelt would say, they are not only willing but anxious to fight...

We only lack knowledge. The world over the working class is struggling, writhing, fighting and rebelling against they know not what.

Workers in general! Strikers in particular! Make the best of your present situation. Possess yourself of some Socialist literature, read and study it.

WOMAN AND SOCIALISM

The question of women, or the Woman Question has been agitating the minds of thinking people for some years past.

There seems to be a perfect mania for analyzing woman and her 'peculiar' actions and point of view. Even the most ordinary creature is being examined from all possible angles...

miserable little 'affairs' as symbols of the actions of woman as a social animal, they fix upon some woman of modern times or of antiquity, and her life is made to revolve around the general movement amongst the social creatures...

The writer realizes to the fullest extent the nature of the task before any one who seeks to analyze a thing as complex as woman.

THE FUTURE BELONGS TO SOCIALISM

'The future belongs to Socialism—that is, primarily, to the worker and to woman'—Bebel.

The Social Democratic party of Germany now has \$30,000,000 dues paying members and 110 members of Parliament.

The Government is still giving away the homesteads, still selling forty days and nights on the steps of the Saskatoon Land Office in order to get one, and he got it. Lucky devil!

The Daily News of San Francisco publishes a powerful cartoon, in which three central figures, labelled 'German exploiter, American exploiter, British exploiter'...

Propaganda Meeting HELD EVERY SUNDAY EVENING IN THE EMPRESS THEATRE

Over fifty Nanaimo 'citizens' joined the newly formed militia corps that is being organized in this city.

The male creature is no better. While the schools are being devoted to a programme of vilification while others snivel and wallow in the most obscene of stinky ecstasies...

Continued on page four.

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.

THE SOCIALIST PARTY OF CANADA

This page is devoted to reports of Executive Committees, Local, and District Party Matters. Address all communications to J. H. Burroughs, Secretary, 516 Main St., Vancouver, B. C.

B. C. PROVINCIAL EXECUTIVE

Vancouver, Sept. 5, 1913. Convened at 516 Main St. at 8 p.m. Present: Hahlin, Pritchard, Reid, Sidway and secretary. Held in the chair. Minutes of previous meeting adopted as read. Correspondence from Local Calgary No. 1, Cumberland No. 70, and North Side No. 2, McKillop, A. Gill, R. W. Jones, Routine, Filed. Bills—Grant to Organizer Cassidy, \$10.00. Cope, \$12.00. Warrants ordered drawn, \$5.00. Warrants ordered drawn. Secretary reported Organizer Cassidy starting for the Island in the morning.

The political situation was discussed as affecting the province. Financial Report. Receipts. Organizing Fund \$33.05 Literature sales 1.25 Exp. \$34.40 As per warrants \$16.75 J. H. BURROUGHS, Secretary.

DOMINION EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

September 5, 1913. Convened as above. Held in the chair. Minutes of previous meeting adopted as read. Correspondence from Local Calgary No. 1, H. Osborne, Portland, Ore. C. M. Ditch, Calgary, J. W. Jones, Toronto, Geo. Rossiter, Toronto, M. W. Funch, Vancouver, Alta. Routine Filed. Bills—Printing and Mailing Clarion No. 228, \$94.60. Exp. No. 27, 12.00. Warrants ordered drawn. \$10.00. \$2.50. Organizers' report sheets, \$10.25; Literature from Local Vancouver No. 1, \$3.50. Bills received. Warrants to Sept. 12, \$10.00. \$3.75. Warrants ordered drawn. Financial Report. Receipts. Literature sales \$20.00 Clarion bundles 21.05 sub 27.25 Fund 5.35 Exp. \$13.65 J. H. BURROUGHS, Secretary.

B. C. PROVINCIAL EXECUTIVE

Convened at 516 Main St. at 8 p.m. Present—Sidway, Pritchard, Reid, Hahlin and Secretary. Hahlin in the chair. Minutes of previous meeting adopted as read. Correspondence from Organizer Cassidy, Nanaimo and Victoria; F. O. Sher, Fort George; Local, Nakus No. 14; Victoria No. 2, Cumberland; North Side, and Local Fernie No. 17. Routine Filed. Bills—Dom. Exp. Co. 60; Com. on M. O. 10. Warrant ordered drawn. Secretary drew attention to the fact that the \$5.00 previously sent Com. Walker for the trip to Nanaimo for the purpose of reporting on the situation would not more than half cover his expenses, and a warrant for an additional \$5.00 was ordered drawn. Secretary produced copies of the draft declaration of Trust from Local Gibson's landing, by which a plot of ground was secured to the Socialist Party of Canada. Copies accepted and ordered filed. The question of the committee or standing committee meetings in the city for the winter was discussed, and laid over pending the return of more workers. Financial Report. Receipts. Local Nakus No. 14, literature \$ 75 Local Fernie No. 17, literature 1.00 and supplies 3.75 Organizing fund 2.20 Literature sales 2.00 Exp. \$12.65 As per warrants \$6.55 J. H. BURROUGHS, Secretary.

DOMINION EXECUTIVE

Vancouver, Sept. 12, 1913. Convened as above, Hahlin in the chair. Minutes of previous meeting adopted as read. Correspondence from Roscoe P. H. more, N. L. M., Ottawa, W. L. Lewis, Alta.; W. H. White, Waterloo, Ont.; Leitch, Waterloo, Ont.; Winnipeg No. 1, Victoria No. 2, St. Catharines No. 30; George Rossiter, Toronto; A. A. Cronk, Alta.; Moses Harris, Comptrol, B. C.; J. Gibbons, I.D., Toronto; J. A. Smith, Edmonton, Alta. Exec.; C. M. O'Brien, Calgary. The Calgary correspondence dealing with the proposed extension of the Lyceum Bureau of the S. P. of Canada, was considered, and secretary instructed to reply to the effect that as the Bureau was under the direction and control of the Executive Committee of the S. P. of C. it was not considered advisable to enter into the arrangements suggested. All correspondence filed. Bills—Dom. Exp. Co. \$3.64; P.O. Dept. \$5.12; Sundries, 25c; Editing No. 78, \$10.00. Warrants ordered drawn. Secretary was instructed to draw attention of the party to the probability of a general election next year, and the desirability of getting busy on the work that now, in view of the uncertainty of the date at which the election will be called. Financial Report. Receipts. Local, Winnipeg No. 1, two "Iron Heals" \$ 1.00 Clarion receipts \$ 6.80 Clarion fund 4.00 Exp. \$68.70 As per warrants \$10.07 J. H. BURROUGHS, Secretary.

CLARION FUND.

(Maintenance.) Bal. on hand, Sept. 1 \$10.50 Maritime 3.09 R. Jales Manitoba \$1.00 J. Watson 1.00 British Columbia \$ 2.00 R. L. J. \$1.00 W. H. Jones \$1.00 R. J. Pratt 1.00 Bal in hand Sept. 15 \$18.90

CLARION PUBLISHING ACCOUNT.

No. 723. Subs \$ 52.10 Bundles 41.75 Directory 10.00 Ad. 3.90 \$107.85 Receipts. Printing and mailing \$10.00 Printing and mailing 91.65 Out 1.20 \$102.85

B. C. ORGANIZING FUND.

Bal. on hand, Sep. 2 (corrected) \$34.15 Chas Bowle 50 Local Cumberland No. 70—Collected by J. M.— \$1.00 L. Caveth 1.00 R. C. Richards 1.00 J. McAllister 1.75 A. Goodwin 59 Vancouver Local No. 1—Collected by W. Skinner— J. Lott \$1.00 Ed. Jack 1.00 Tricelvan 50 Unexp. 1.00 H. Pearce 25 \$ 3.75 Grant to Org. Cassidy, Sept 5 \$10.00 One exp. 1.75 \$11.75 Bal. on hand, Sept. 13 \$43.15

NEW DRUNSWICK.

During the past month we have had Comrade Miss S. Muskat with us, and she was a very useful acquisition. This comrade gave several lectures, the subjects being "The Class Struggle," "Socialism and Anarchism," "The Materialist Conception of History," etc.

On August 29th I arranged with Comrade W. S. White of Whites Mills, N. B., for a meeting near Whites Mills, about 12 miles up the St. John river. Comrades Goudie, Zatzman and Muskat made the trip with the result that about a hundred people attended the meeting. Comrade Goudie acted as chairman (first time) and Comrade Muskat did the talking, and by all reports the meeting was very successful. I expect a local will be formed here shortly.

On Saturday the Trades and Labor Union held a parade, garden party and sports, but an sorry to relate that the provincial politicians, and the militia were in the way, and one employee of labor were included in the parade.

No speaking arrangements were made as the Trade Unionists here think apparently that this is unnecessary. However, the Socialist Party filled the gap and Comrades Taylor and Muskat gave interesting addresses at the back green at the garden party. A good crowd listened and took the message like babies taking milk. The meeting lasted an hour and a half.

On Wednesday, Sept. 3rd, Comrade Muskat left for Fort William, Winnipeg and Calgary. We greatly enjoyed her visit and we are anxiously awaiting the coming of the one and only Grubbe.

WINNIPEG, SEPT. 12.

Comrade, Editor—From the standpoint of a Socialist the situation in the city of Winnipeg at the present time is well worth our most careful consideration.

The past two Dominion elections have shown us that we can depend on a vote in this city of between 500 and 600 and the thought naturally arises in my mind that a new method of organization must be commenced to get this vote or at least a reasonable percentage of it organized.

The question of the S. P. of C. has tried hard to keep a headquarters going but in the last year or so there has been no place where one could meet the Socialists and, as a natural result, there has been little accomplished this summer. Meetings held on the market square every Sunday and the meetings answered by Moses Baritz went to show that the people of Winnipeg were eager for the dope.



A PIZONING BUNCH. SOME OF LOCAL MONTREAL NO. 1.

(1) P. Faughnan, Prov. and Local Secy; (2) Kent, Treas.; (3) Fay, Organizer; (4) Heilinger, (5) Robertson, (6) Richard, (7) Johnson, (8) Brown, (9) Broton (10) Stanton, (11) Buckfield, (12) Scarborough, (13) McCormick, (14) Robertson.

MONTREAL.

Dear Comrade,—Things in Montreal are moving; we are holding our meetings in our own hall, for the first so successful and so much of the revolutionary stuff is put into the talk that at practically every meeting we are being interfered with by the police. We wrote the Chief of Police asking him to request his men to cease molesting us at our meetings, and the reply from Assistant Superintendent of Police Herbert stated that orders had been given that provided our meetings did not contravene any law or cause any disturbance, that we were not to interfere. Yet every meeting since we have had them asking us for permits and "letting a ball," etc. They have all got the same remarks to make—use the same words, etc., so we have concluded that we must be instructed by those who have the clear working class class at heart to stop us quietly if possible, but stop us. One factor is that we always show what the police and army are for—protecting the bourgeoisie and the dear working class at heart to stop us quietly if possible, but stop us.

One great boast is the development of our young speakers. We have seven or eight speakers now who have sprung up, right from the "blooming" working class, doncher's! Their remarks have almost a smell of the factory, the shop and the railroad. They are not out to express themselves, or to talk to the workers about buying out the capitalists, as some of our self-styled revolutionary Socialists who are Capitalists do, they are out to get the wage slaves wise. When they succeed, I fear it won't be commensurate that the cops will get their worker knows. It is more likely its the toe of his boot he will be presenting to the capitalist, instead of before his brow with klases and "willing broder." (This will be sabotage, Fay says).

Yours for the Revolution, PHILIP FAUGHNAN, Secretary.

HERE AND NOW.

Subs Received. W. Gribble, Toronto... 1 Y. H. Q. T. S. Cassidy, Victoria... 3 4 7 G. Borland, Montreal... 0 3 3 M. L. Ottawa... 1 1 3 Moses Baritz, Nelson... 1 0 0 J. A. S. Smith, Edmonton... 1 2 0 Local Van., No. 1... 2 0 0 W. L. Phillips, Fernie... 0 2 0 D. Thomson, St. Cath's, Ont... 1 2 0 J. K. B. Toronto... 0 1 2 W. G. McCusker, Calgary... 0 2 0 Singles 12 mos.—Geo. Walton, Will Jones, J. F. Johnson, Alex. Beaton, F. Hyatt, J. Sidway, D. M. Coutts, J. C. Turner, Chas. Bowle, L. M. Cooper, B. Simpson. 1 mos.—J. Jenkins, J. T. Stott, W. Shaw. 3 mos.—Chas. Rogers, A. E. Fay. If we are not in the hale again this year, the thanks are due to Local Calgary, which came through with \$20.00 for arrears on Bundle account. A Dominion election is coming on, and we ought to have the next year, and we ought to have the next year, and it seems to be all we can do to make the fortnightly stick.

The point has been mentioned before, but it is repeating, therefore, but it will bear repeating, and if so, you a member of the party, and if so, you must subscribe to the party organ? If not, why not? If you all did so, it would help considerably.

It was noted in a previous issue that Local Fernie No. 1 makes every applicant for membership subscribe to the Clarion as an initiation fee, whether he or she is already a subscriber or not.

The following comrades, having sent their local claret, have been sent in \$10.00 worth of subs, are entitled to the premium of \$1.00 worth of books from Kerr's list. Send the order to: J. Jenkins, City, total, \$37.50; M. L., Ottawa, \$14.50; R. C. McCutcheon, Winnipeg, \$17.50; A. Gill, Brandon, C. G., \$10.00; C. M. O'Brien, \$15.00; W. L. Phillips, following comrades have sent this vote of \$5.00 and over: In subs. value, \$45; W. E. Birch, Regina, \$25; D. Christensen, Kelowna, \$45; G. \$7.25; C. G. Corbman, Vancouver, \$5.50; W. Green, Toronto, \$7.50; J. Hyatt, St. John, N. B., \$7.50; B. Lar, Johnson, \$5.00; M. G. \$5.00; B. J. Johnson, \$6.25; J. Meldrum, City, \$5.50; J. McMillery, Dominion, N. R., \$6.00; M. W. S., Beaverdale, B. C., \$5.00; D. Thomson, St. Catherine, \$5.00.

for the purpose of trying to equip comfortable reading or club rooms to be used as permanent Socialist headquarters. The famed 67 varieties of Socialists are invited to this meeting, so that we can expect to see S. D. Per's, B. Per's, B. L. Per's, Industrial Socialists and especially our friends (?) the Christian Socialists. Let us all get a good headquarters to protect us from the 40 below zero weather that will soon be here. ALEX. PATTERSON.

THE WAY TO POWER

J. B. OSBORNE. (Continued from last issue.)

But there was hardly room for each of the partners to be a manager, superintendent, etc. The next step came about in the same natural process as the last, and we find that these companies and corporations, also, and for the same reason, associated themselves together in still larger combinations called the trusts, and the trusts have likewise grown and merged into one another until we have capitalist property owned collectively by the capitalist class.

The individual capitalist of a half century or more ago could say, "This is my shop, my factory, my mill or my mine." Today, these lines of individual ownership have been eliminated to such an extent that it is almost impossible for any particular capitalist to claim ownership of any particular piece of capitalist property. For instance, who can claim the ownership of any particular piece of property of the Canadian Pacific Railway? What individual can lay his hand upon freight car No. 3984 of the Southern Pacific Railway system and say, "That is my property?" Who can point out a water tank on the Illinois Central or the Pennsylvania Railway and say, "That is my water tank?"

Just as it is impossible to distinguish the owner of any particular piece or part of railway property, likewise it is impossible to distinguish the individual owner of any particular piece or part of capitalist property.

This evolution from individual ownership of capitalist property by the individual capitalist to collective ownership of capitalist property by the capitalist class as a whole, has been necessary to prepare for the collective ownership by all the people of what is now collectively owned by the capitalist class. Just as it has been the mission of the capitalist class to develop collective ownership of the means of production, so it will be the mission of the working class to assist in the evolution to collective ownership by society.

The evolution of the capitalist form of production has not only prepared the means of production for collective ownership, but at the same time it has prepared the way for the disappearance of the capitalist class by eliminating any useful function performed by that class. With the large and ever larger organization of the forces of capitalist production, the capitalist performs smaller and still smaller functions in production, until at the present time the capitalist plays no part as foreman, superintendent, manager, etc. It is no longer necessary for him to furnish either brains or muscle in the process of production. The foreman, the superintendent and the manager of industry today are all hired men, and the capitalist method of concentrated and associated production has been an education to the working class in collective or co-operative production. So much so, that the working class surveys the route for the railroad; builds the grades; bores the tunnels; cuts the ties; lays the rails; builds the cars and locomotives; digs the coal to furnish the motive power; mans the trains; collects the fares and freights; pays the expenses; figures out the dividends; and mails the same to the owners.

Perhaps no better test could be offered as to the accuracy of this general statement than was furnished in the case of the Standard Oil Company when the government was trying to collect \$29,000,000 from that corporation. Mr. John D. Rockefeller was placed upon the stand. Counsel for the government asked Mr. Rockefeller for certain information about the affairs of the corporation. His reply was, "If you want to know anything about such facts, you should ask one of the bookkeepers of the company, and he will tell you." Mr. Rockefeller said he had not been in the office of the company for eight years. What is true in the case of Mr. Rockefeller is true of the owners of all the larger capitalist properties.

In the development of the forces of capitalist production, the intellectual development to follow in its wake was far greater and of more far-reaching consequence than the intellectual development from all other modes of production in the past. So great, in fact, are the intellectual developments springing from the necessary development of the capitalist forces of production, that the working class under capitalism is the first working class, or slave class, ever prepared to be the only useful or necessary class in production.

CHAPTER III.

THE INTELLECTUAL REVOLUTION RESULTING FROM THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FORCES OF CAPITALIST PRODUCTION.

Unlike ruling classes of past societies, the capitalist class, in order to develop the productive forces of its mode of production, was compelled to use the intellect of men as an important factor. In fact, the capitalist mode of production has been directly responsible for the development of our modern school of physical science. All parts of the earth had to be discovered anew and the component parts ascertained before they could be exploited. Every department of physical science has furnished some knowledge in that direction, and contributed its part toward making possible the development of the forces of modern production.

Capitalism was interested in astronomy, while the feudal nobility allowed the persecution of the early astronomers. Capitalism was interested in that line of research because upon its discoveries was built the science of navigation. The development of the science of navigation was necessary to the establishment of the world's markets and the transportation of large quantities of commodities as rapidly as possible. The science of geology and mineralogy likewise became necessary in order to more effectively extract the precious and baser metals from the earth. The science of chemistry and all other physical sciences in their development contributed their quota to the development of the forces of capitalist production. The interest of the capitalist class was not only in the direction of the development of physical science, but in as widespread a diffusion of that knowledge as possible.

This general diffusion of scientific knowledge consequent upon the development of capitalist production has produced an intellectual revolution—a revolution in the philosophy of history, in fact, the philosophy of social democracy itself, as the direct result of capitalist development industrially and intellectually.

The development of schools of technology and of the free school system and compulsory education were also necessary factors in the development of the forces of capitalist production. As this intellectual development sprang directly from the economic basis of capitalist society, therefore it is called an effect, yet it is easy to see that this intellectual effect has already become a powerful cause in hastening the evolution of the economic formation of capitalist society. This intellectual development will be a still larger and more potent factor in substituting for capitalist collectivism the collectivism of the whole.

Under feudalism it was not necessary for a feudal serf to have an education, while under chattel slavery the education of the slave was not only unnecessary to production but was considered a social danger. In the State of Georgia, just previous to the civil war, only a little over fifty years ago, a state law provided that any person convicted or found guilty of teaching a negro how to read or write the English language should pay a fine of not less than five hundred dollars or serve a sentence of not less than six months in prison. Practically the same view-point maintained throughout the Southern States—at that time agricultural slave-owning communities.

But with the disappearance of chattel slavery in the Southern States came the development of mill, mine, shop, factory and furnace throughout the South, and the consequent transformation of slave-labor into wage-labor. An intellectual revolution has also taken place, and the State of Georgia five or six years ago passed a compulsory education law, compelling the negro boys and girls, as well as the white ones, to attend school so many months in the year. The same law had been previously passed in several of the other Southern States.

It is true that the compulsory education of the negro proletariat of the South met with considerable opposition from members of the old school of Southern aristocracy, but the capitalist method of production, in order to develop its productive forces, demanded in the Southern States as it demands everywhere else, that the proletariat shall have some degree of academic education. By the very nature of capitalist production, the wage-working class which operates the plant of industrial society, in order to maintain the standard of productive efficiency required, and ever increase its productive efficiency as a working class, is compelled to be able at least to read, write, and figure. Hence, compulsory education grew naturally out of the needs of capitalist production.

Education in the past had been the private monopoly of the aristocracy. Capitalism invaded and dispipated this special privilege, and placed it at least in some degree within the reach of all. This has been of especial advantage to the proletariat. (To be Continued)

